

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903-2699 Phone: 607-723-3512 www.mcintoshlabs.com





The lightning flash with arrowhead, within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

WARNING - TO REDUCE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS EQUIPMENT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.



AVIS RISQUE DE CHOC ELECTRIQUE - NE PAS OUVRIR.

## NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

To prevent the risk of electric shock, do not remove cover or back. No user-serviceable parts inside.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS!

## PLEASE READ THEM BEFORE OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT.

- 1. Read these instructions.
- 2. Keep these instructions.
- 3. Heed all warnings.
- 4. Follow all instructions.
- 5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6. Clean only with a dry cloth.
- 7. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- 9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a

third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.

- 10. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
- 11. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
- 12. Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/ apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
- 13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
- 14. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-

supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

- 15. Do not expose this equipment to dripping or splashing and ensure that no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, are placed on the equipment.
- 16. To completely disconnect this equipment from the a.c. mains, disconnect the power supply cord plug from the a.c. receptacle.
- 17. The mains plug of the power supply cord shall remain readily operable.
- 18. Do not expose batteries to excessive heat such as sunshine, fire or the like.
- 19. Connect mains power supply cord only to a mains socket outlet with a protective earthing connection.



## **Thank You**

Your decision to own this McIntosh MC452 Quad Balanced Power Amplifier ranks you at the very top among discriminating music listeners. You now have "The Best." The McIntosh dedication to "Quality," is assurance that you will receive many years of musical enjoyment from this unit.

Please take a short time to read the information in this manual. We want you to be as familiar as possible with all the features and functions of your new McIntosh.

## Please Take A Moment

The serial number, purchase date and McIntosh Deale
name are important to you for possible insurance
claim or future service. The spaces below have been
provided for you to record that information:

Serial Number:	_
----------------	---

Purchase Date:

Dealer Name:

## **Technical Assistance**

If at any time you have questions about your McIntosh product, contact your McIntosh Dealer who is familiar with your McIntosh equipment and any other brands that may be part of your system. If you or your Dealer wish additional help concerning a suspected problem, you can receive technical assistance for all McIntosh products at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903 Phone: 607-723-1545 Fax: 607-724-0549

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## **Customer Service**

If it is determined that your McIntosh product is in need of repair, you can return it to your Dealer. You can also return it to the McIntosh Laboratory Service Department. For assistance on factory repair return procedure, contact the McIntosh Service Department at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903 Phone: 607-723-3515 Fax: 607-723-1917

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## **General Information**

1. The following Connecting Cable is available from the McIntosh Parts Department: Power Control Cable Part No. 170-202

Six foot, 2 conductor shielded, with two 1/8 inch stereo mini phone plugs.

- 2. For additional connection information, refer to the owner's manual(s) for any component(s) connected to the MC452
- 3. The MC452 mutes the speaker output for approximately two seconds when first turned on.
- 4. For the best performance and safety it is important to always match the impedance of the loudspeaker to the Power Amplifier connections. Refer to "How to Connect" pages 8 thru 11.
  - Note: The impedance of a Loudspeaker actually varies as the Loudspeaker reproduces different frequencies. As a result, the nominal impedance rating of the Loudspeaker (usually measured at a midrange frequency) might not always agree with the impedance of the Loudspeaker at low frequencies where the greatest amount of power is required. Contact the Loudspeaker Manufacturer for additional information about the actual impedance of the Loudspeaker before connecting it to the McIntosh MC452.
- 5. In the event the MC452 over heats, due to improper ventilation and/or high ambient temperature, the protection circuits will activate. The Front Panel Power Guard LED will continuously indicate ON and the audio will be muted. When the MC452 has returned to a safe operating temperature, normal operation will resume.
- 6. When discarding the unit, comply with local rules or regulations. Batteries should never be thrown away or incinerated but disposed of in accordance with the local regulations concerning battery disposal.
- 7. For additional information on the MC452 and other McIntosh Products please visit the McIntosh Web Site at www.mcintoshlabs com



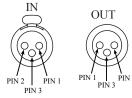


## **Connector and Cable Information**

#### **XLR Connectors**

Below is the Pin configuration for the XLR Balanced Input, Input/Output Connectors on the MC452. Refer to the diagram for connection:

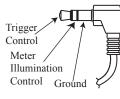
PIN 1: Shield/Ground PIN 2: + Input/Output PIN 3: - Input/Output



#### **Power Control Connector**

The MC452 Power Control Input receives an On/Off signal from +5 to +12 volts. The Power Control Output

will in turn provide a +12 volt Output Signal with a total current up to 50mA. An additional connection is for controlling the illumination of the MC452 Power Output Meters. The 1/8



inch stereo mini phone plug connects to a McIntosh Preamplifier or A/V Control Center Power Control Output.

Note: The Power Control Connecting Cable is available from the McIntosh Parts Department:

**Data and Power Control Cable Part No. 170-202** Six foot, shielded 2 conductor, with 1/8 inch stereo mini phone plugs on each end.

## Introduction

Now you can take advantage of traditional McIntosh standards of excellence in the MC452 Quad Balanced Power Amplifier. The 450 watts power per channel high current output will drive any pair of high quality Loudspeakers. The MC452 reproduction is sonically transparent and absolutely accurate. The McIntosh Sound is "The Sound of the Music Itself."

## Performance Features

#### Power Output

The MC452 is a Power Amplifier with a capability of 450 watts per channel into 2, 4 or 8 ohm speakers with less than 0.005% distortion. The Power Amplifier Circuitry uses Thermal Trak<sup>1</sup> Output Transistors for lower distortion and cool operation.

## Quad Balanced Circuitry

The MC452 is fully balanced from inputs to outputs. It consists of two matched power amplifiers operating in push-pull with their outputs combined in a McIntosh Autoformer. The Quad Balanced configuration cancels virtually all distortion.

#### Patented Autoformer

McIntosh designed and manufactured Output Autoformers provide an ideal match between the amplifier output stages and speaker loads of 2, 4 and 8 ohms. The Autoformers also provide perfect DC protection for your valuable loudspeakers.

#### • Balanced and Unbalanced Inputs

Balanced connections guard against induced noise and allow long cable runs without compromising sound quality.

## • Power Guard

The patented McIntosh Power Guard circuit prevents the amplifier from being over driven into clipping, with its harsh distorted sound that can also damage your valuable loudspeakers.

## • Sentry Monitor and Thermal Protection

McIntosh Sentry Monitor power output stage protection circuits ensure the MC452 will have a long and

<sup>1</sup>ThermalTrak<sup>™</sup> and ON Semiconductor are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC trouble free operating life. Built-in Thermal Protection Circuits guard against overheating.

## • Special Power Supply

A very large Power Transformer and Large Capacitors ensure stable noise free operation even though the power line varies.

#### • Illuminated Power Meters

The Illuminated Power Output Watt Meters on the MC452 are peak responding, and indicate the true power output of the amplifier. The Peak Watt Hold Mode allows the meter to temporarily stay at the highest power output and then slowly decay. The Front Panel Meter Illumination may be switched Off at any time.

## • McIntosh Custom Binding Posts

McIntosh patent pending gold plated output terminals deliver high current output. They accept large diameter wire and spade lugs. Banana plugs may also be used only in the United States and Canada.

• Fiber Optic Solid State Front Panel Illumination The even Illumination of the Front Panel is accomplished by the combination of custom designed Fiber Optic Light Diffusers and extra long life Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs).

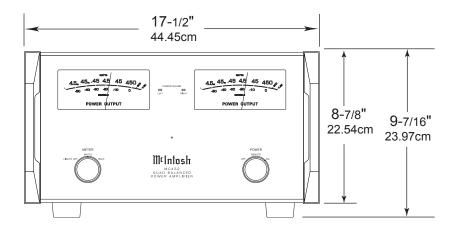
#### • Glass Front Panel and Super Mirror Chassis Finish

The famous McIntosh Illuminated Glass Front Panel and the Stainless Steel Chassis with Super Mirror Finish ensures the pristine beauty of the MC452 will be retained for many years.

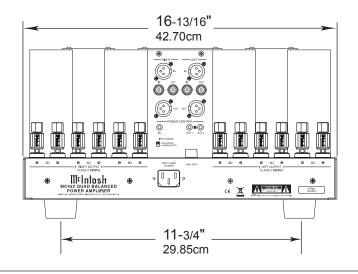
## Dimensions

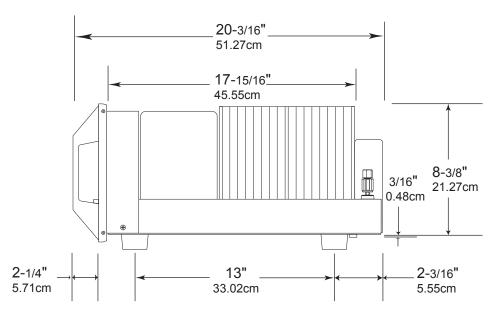
The following dimensions can assist in determining the best location for your MC452.

#### Front View of the MC452



**Rear View of the MC452** 





Side View of the MC452

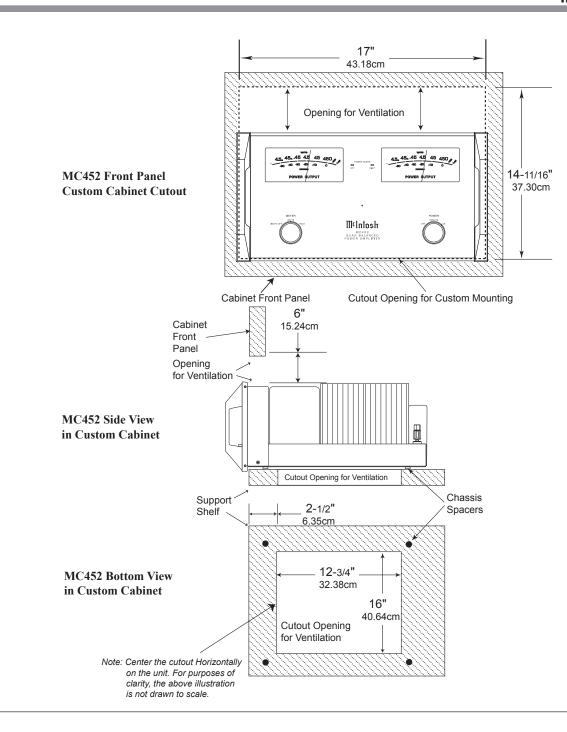
#### Installation

The MC452 can be placed upright on a table or shelf, standing on its four feet. It also can be custom installed in a piece of furniture or cabinet of your choice. The four feet may be removed from the bottom of the MC452 when it is custom installed as outlined below. The four feet together with the mounting screws should be retained for possible future use if the MC452 is removed from the custom installation and used free standing. The required panel cutout, ventilation cutout and unit dimensions are shown. Always provide adequate ventilation for your MC452. Cool operation ensures the longest possible operating life for any electronic instrument. Do not install the MC452 directly above a heat generating component such as a high powered amplifier. If all the components are installed in a single cabinet, a quiet running ventilation fan can be a definite asset in maintaining all the system components at the coolest possible operating temperature.

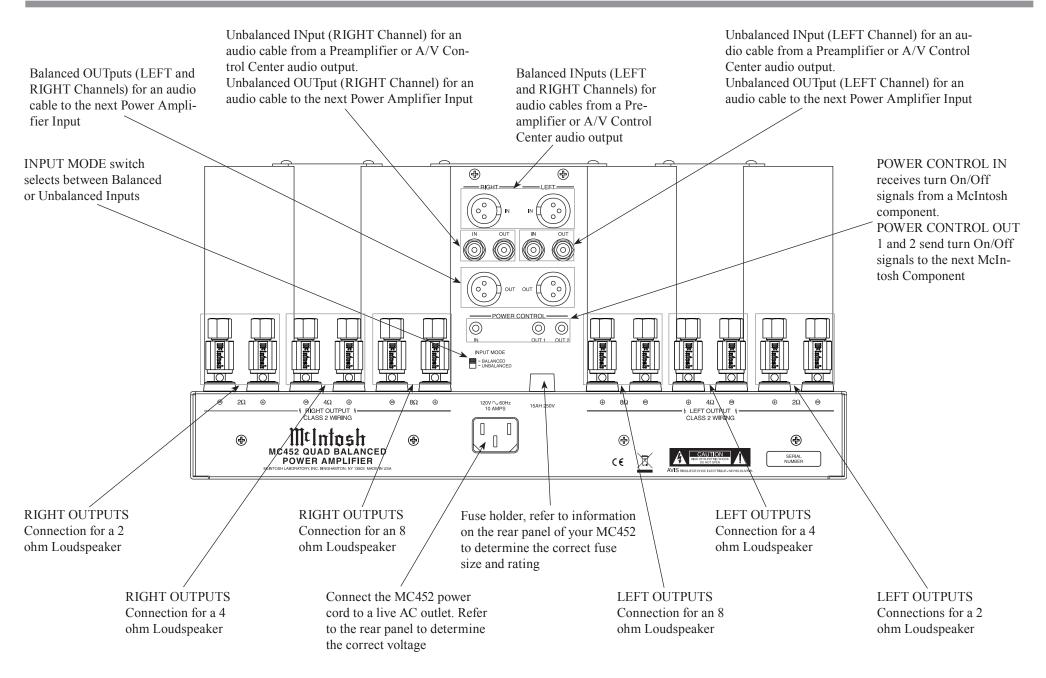
A custom cabinet installation should provide the following minimum spacing dimensions for cool operation.

Allow at least 6 inches (15.24cm) above the top, 2 inches (5.08cm) below the bottom, 3 inches (7.62cm) behind the rear panel and 2 inches (5.08cm) on each side of the Power Amplifier, so that airflow is not obstructed. Allow 2-1/2 inches (6.35 cm) in front of the mounting<sup>1</sup> panel for clearance. **Be sure to cut out a ventilation hole in the mounting shelf according to the dimensions in the drawing.** 

<sup>1</sup> When the MC452 is installed together with other McIntosh Components, check clearances on all components before proceeding.



#### **Rear Panel Connections and Switch**



*Caution: The Loudspeaker*  $\bigcirc$  *Negative Connections are above chassis ground. Do not combine any connections together, ground them or connect with another MC452.* 

## **Output Terminals**

When connecting the Loudspeaker Hookup Cables to the MC452 Power Amplifier Output Terminals please follow the steps below:

- 1. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post counterclockwise until an opening appears. Refer to figures A and B.
- 2. Insert the Loudspeaker hookup cable into the Output Terminal Post opening or the cable spade lug around the center post of the Output Terminal. Refer to figure C.
- Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure D.
- 4. Place the supplied McIntosh Wrench over the top of the Output Terminal and rotate it one quarter of a turn (90°) to secure the Loudspeaker Cable Connection. **Do not over tighten.** Refer to figure E.

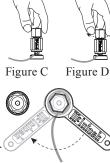


Figure B

Figure A

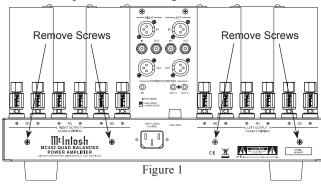
Figure E

## How to Connect

Caution: Do not connect the AC Power Cord to the MC452 Rear Panel until after the Loudspeaker Connections are made and the protective Terminal Connections Covers are installed. Failure to observe this could result in Electric Shock.

The connection instructions below, together with the MC452 Connection Diagram located on the separate folded sheet "**Mc1A**", is an example of a typical audio system. Your system may vary from this, however the actual components would be connected in a similar manner. For additional information refer to "Connector and Cable Information" on page 4.

- For Remote Power Control, connect a power control cable from the Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center Power Control Output 1 to the MC452 POWER CONTROL IN.
  - Note: When a Power Control Cable is connected between the MC452 and Preamplifier (or A/V Control Center), the AUTO OFF Feature is bypassed. Refer to page 13.
- Connect XLR cables from the Balanced Output 1 (L&R) of an Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center to the MC452 Balanced INput (RIGHT and LEFT). Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.
  - Note: An optional hookup is to use unbalanced cables and place the INPUT MODE Switch in the UNBALANCED Position.
- 3. Using a suitable tool remove the four screws from the MC452 Rear Panel and temporarily place them in a safe place. Refer to figure 1.



This McIntosh MC452 Quad Balanced Power Amplifier is designed for Loudspeakers with an impedance of 2 ohms, 4 ohms or 8 ohms. Connect a <u>single Loud-</u> <u>speaker only</u> to the Right and Left Output Terminals.

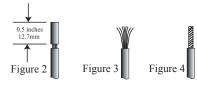
When connecting Loudspeakers to the MC452 it is very important to use cables of adequate size, so there is little to no power loss in the cables. The size is specified in Gauge Numbers or AWG (American Wire Gauge). The smaller the Gauge number, the larger the wire size:

Loudspeaker Cable Distance vs Wire Gauge Guide			
Loudspeaker Impedance	25 feet (7.62 meters) or less	50 feet (15.24 meters) or less	100 feet (30.48 meters) or less
2 Ohms	12AWG	10AWG	8AWG
4 Ohms	14AWG	12AWG	10AWG
8 Ohms	16AWG	14AWG	12AWG

4. Prepare the Loudspeaker Hookup Cable for attachment to the MC452 Power Amplifier:

#### Bare wire cable ends:

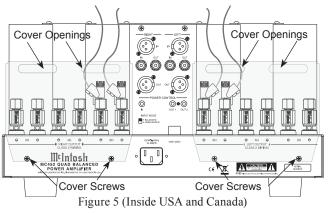
Carefully remove sufficient insulation from the cable ends, refer to figures 2, 3 & 4. If the cable is stranded, carefully twist the strands together as tightly as possible.



- *Notes: 1. If desired, the twisted ends can be tinned with solder to keep the strands together.* 
  - 2. The prepared bare wire cable ends may be inserted into spade lug connectors.
  - 3. Banana plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only.

# Banana Plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only:

5. Locate the Terminal Connections Covers from the inside of the MC452 shipping carton. Insert the just prepared Loudspeaker hookup cables thru the cover openings, one cover for each channel. Refer to figure 5.



- 6. Attach the previously prepared bare wire cable ends into the banana plugs and secure the connections. Refer to figure F.
- 7. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure G. Then using the Mc-Intosh Wrench, rotate the top of the Output Terminal one quarter of a turn (90°). <u>Do not over tighten.</u> Refer to figure E.
- 8. Referring to figure H, connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables with banana plugs into the hole at the top of the terminal to

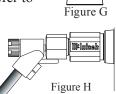


Figure F

the MC452 Negative Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal indentified as  $2\Omega$  (ohms),  $4\Omega$  (ohms) or  $8\Omega$  (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities.

Note: The illustration in figure 5 is connections for  $8\Omega$  (ohms) Loudspeakers.

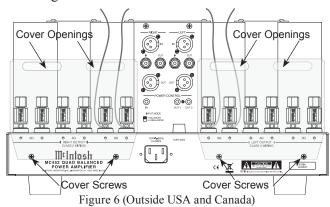
If the Loudspeaker's impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to "General Information" Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

- Attach the Terminal Connections Covers to the MC452 Rear Panel with the previously removed Screws. Refer to figure 5.
- 10. Connect the MC452 power cord to an active AC outlet.

#### **Spade Lug or Wire Connections:**

11. Locate the Terminal Connections Covers from the inside of the MC452 shipping carton. Insert the just prepared Loudspeaker hookup cables thru the cover openings, one cover for each channel. Refer to figure 6.



12. Connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables to the MC452 Negative Output Terminal and Positive

Output Terminal indentified as  $2\Omega$  (ohms),  $4\Omega$  (ohms) or  $8\Omega$  (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities. Insert the spade lug connector or prepared section of the cable end into the terminal side access hole, and tighten the terminal cap until the cable is firmly clamped into the terminals so the lugs or wire cannot slip out. Refer to fgures 7

and 8.

Figure 7 Figure 8

Note: The illustration in figure 6 is connections for  $8\Omega$  (ohms) Loudspeakers.

If the Loudspeaker's impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to "General Information" Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

- 13. Attach the Terminal Connections Covers to the MC452 Rear Panel with the previously removed Screws. Refer to figure 6.
- 14. Connect the MC452 power cord to an active AC outlet.

9

## **Output Terminals**

When connecting the Loudspeaker Hookup Cables to the MC452 Power Amplifier Output Terminals please follow the steps below:

- 1. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post counterclockwise until an opening appears. Refer to figures A and B.
- 2. Insert the Loudspeaker hookup cable into the Output Terminal Post opening or the cable spade lug around the center post of the Output Terminal. Refer to figure C.
- 3. Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure D.
- 4. Place the supplied McIntosh Wrench over the top of the Output Terminal and rotate it one quarter of a turn (90°) to secure the Loudspeaker Cable Connection. **Do not over tighten.** Refer to figure E.

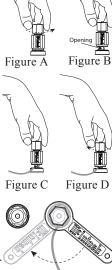


Figure E

## How to Connect for Bi-Amp

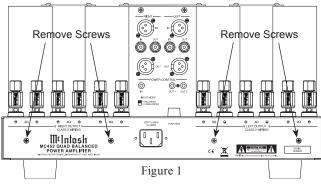
Caution: Do not connect the AC Power Cord to the MC452 Rear Panel until after the Loudspeaker Connections are made and the protective Terminal Connections Covers are installed. Failure to observe this could result in Electric Shock.

The connection instructions below, together with the MC452 Connection Diagram located on the separate folded sheet "**Mc1B**", is an example of a typical audio system. Your system may vary from this, however the actual components would be connected in a similar manner. For additional information refer to "Connector and Cable Information" on page 4.

- 1. For Remote Power Control, connect a power control cable from the Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center Power Control Output 1 to the MC452 POWER CONTROL IN Amplifier One.
  - Note: When the Power Control Cable is connected between the MC452 and Preamplifier or A/V Control Center, the AUTO OFF Power Save Feature is automatically disabled.
- 2. Connect a power control cable from Amplifier One Power Control OUTput 1 to the MC452 POWER CONTROL IN Amplifier Two.
- 3. Connect XLR cables from the Balanced Output 1 (L&R) of an Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center to the MC452 Balanced INput (RIGHT and LEFT). Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.

Note: An optional hookup is to use unbalanced cables and place the INPUT MODE Switch in the UNBALANCED Position.

- 4. Connect XLR cables from Amplifier One Audio Balanced OUTput (LEFT and RIGHT) to the MC452 Balanced INput (RIGHT and LEFT). Place the INPUT MODE Switch in the BALANCED Position.
- 5. Using a suitable tool remove the four screws from the MC452 Rear Panel and temporarily place them in a safe place. Refer to figure 1.



This McIntosh MC452 Quad Balanced Power Amplifier is designed for Loudspeakers with an impedance of 2 ohms, 4 ohms or 8 ohms. Connect a <u>single Loud-</u> <u>speaker only</u> to the Right and Left Output Terminals.

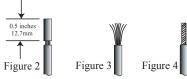
When connecting Loudspeakers to the MC452 it is very important to use cables of adequate size, so there is little to no power loss in the cables. The size is specified in Gauge Numbers or AWG (American Wire Gauge). The smaller the Gauge number, the larger the wire size:

Loudspeaker Cable Distance vs Wire Gauge Guide			
Loudspeaker Impedance	25 feet (7.62 meters) or less	50 feet (15.24 meters) or less	100 feet (30.48 meters) or less
2 Ohms	12AWG	10AWG	8AWG
4 Ohms	14AWG	12AWG	10AWG
8 Ohms	16AWG	14AWG	12AWG

6. Prepare the Loudspeaker Hookup Cable for attachment to the MC452 Power Amplifier:

#### Bare wire cable ends:

Carefully remove sufficient insulation from the cable ends, refer to figures 2, 3 & 4. If the cable is stranded, carefully twist the strands together as tightly as possible.

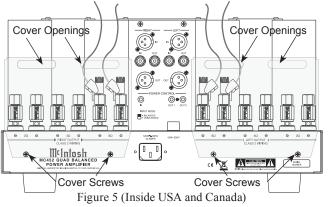


*Notes: 1. If desired, the twisted ends can be tinned with solder to keep the strands together.* 

- 2. The prepared bare wire cable ends may be inserted into spade lug connectors for use in outside the United States and Canada only.
- 3. Banana plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only.

## Banana Plugs are for use in the United States and Canada only:

7. Locate the Terminal Connections Covers from the inside of the MC452 shipping carton. Insert the just prepared Loudspeaker hookup cables thru the cover openings, one cover for each channel. Refer to figure 5.



- 8. Attach the previously prepared bare wire cable ends into the banana plugs and secure the connections. Refer to figure F.
- Rotate the top of the Output Terminal Post clockwise until it is finger tight. Refer to figure G. Then using the McIntosh Wrench, rotate the top of the Output Terminal one quarter of a turn (90°). <u>Do not over tighten.</u> Refer to figure E.
- 10. Referring to figure H, connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables with banana plugs into the hole

Figure H

at the top of the terminal to the MC452 Negative Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal indentified as  $2\Omega$  (ohms),  $4\Omega$  (ohms) or  $8\Omega$  (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities.

Note: The illustration in figure 5 is connections for  $8\Omega$  (ohms) Loudspeakers.

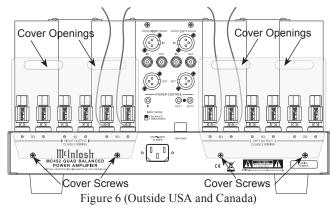
If the Loudspeaker's impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to "General Information" Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

- 11. Attach the Terminal Connections Covers to the MC452 Rear Panel with the previously removed Screws. Refer to figure 5.
- 12. Connect the MC452 power cord to an active AC outlet.

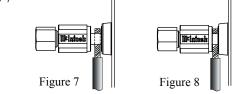
#### **Spade Lug or Wire Connections:**

- 13. Locate the Terminal Connections Covers from the inside of the MC452 shipping carton. Insert the just prepared Loudspeaker hookup cables thru the cover openings, one cover for each channel. Refer to figure 6.
- 14. Connect the Loudspeaker hookup cables to the MC452 Negative Output Terminal and Positive Output Terminal indentified as  $2\Omega$  (ohms),  $4\Omega$  (ohms) or  $8\Omega$  (ohms) connection to match the impedance of the Loudspeaker, being careful to observe the correct polarities. Insert the spade lug connector or prepared section of the cable end into the terminal side access hole, and tighten the ter-



minal cap until the cable is firmly clamped into the terminals so the lugs or wire cannot slip out. Refer to figures 7

and 8.



Note: The illustration in figure 6 is connections for  $8\Omega$  (ohms) Loudspeakers.

If the Loudspeaker's impedance is in-between the available connections, use the nearest lower impedance connection. Refer to "General Information" Note 4 on page 3 for additional information.

WARNING: Loudspeaker terminals are hazardous live and present a risk of electric shock. For additional instruction on making Loudspeaker Connections contact your McIntosh Dealer or McIntosh Technical Support.

- 15. Attach the Terminal Connections Covers to the MC452 Rear Panel with the previously removed Screws. Refer to figure 6.
- 16. Connect the MC452 power cord to an active AC outlet.

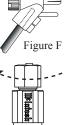
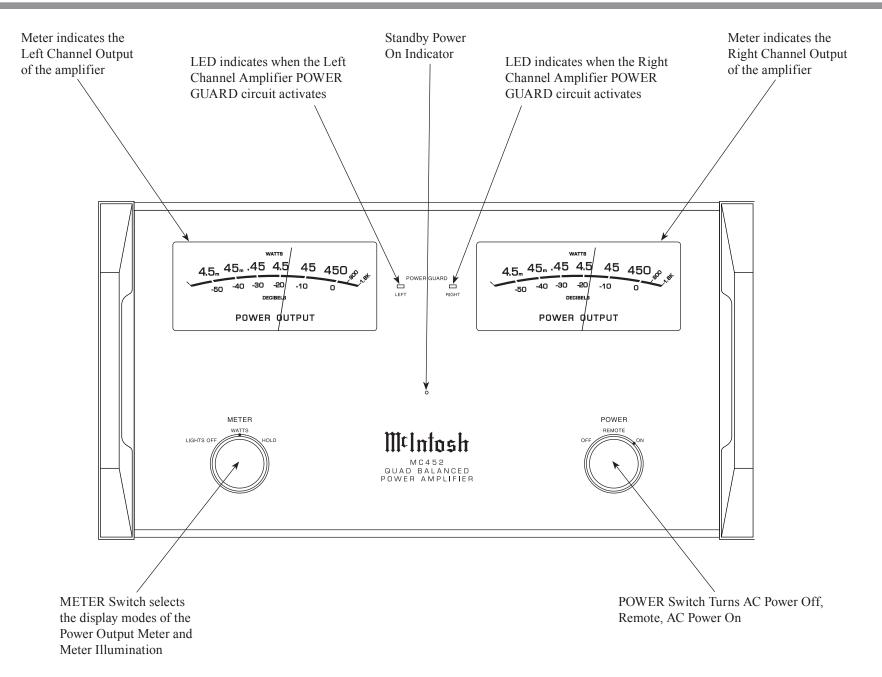


Figure G

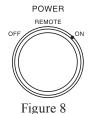


#### How to Operate

#### Power On

To have the MC452 automatically turn On or Off when a Peramplifier or A/V Control Center turns On

or Off, rotate the power switch to the Remote position. For manual operation, rotate the power switch to the On or Off position as desired. Refer to figure 8.



Note: There must be a power control connection between the MC452 and the Audio Pream-

plifier (or A/V Control Center), in order for the remote power turn-on to function.

#### Auto Off

The MC452 incorporates a Power Save Feature to automatically switch power Off to the Power Amplifier approximately 30 minutes after there has been an absence of an audio input signal.

Note: If the Power Save Feature has activated and switched the MC452 Off, the Power Save Feature can be reset by first placing the POWER Control in the REMOTE Position and then in the ON Position.

When there is a Power Control Connection between the MC452 and a McIntosh Preamplifier or (A/V Control Center) the Power Save Feature in the MC452 is bypassed.

With the MC452 connected (via Power Control) to a McIntosh Preamplifier (or A/V Control Center) with the Power Save Feature and the feature is active, the MC452 will switch Off with the Preamplifier (or A/V Control Center) after a period of inactivity.

There may be times when it would be desirable to bypass the Power Save Feature. This can be implemented by connecting the Rear Panel POWER CON-TROL OUTput 1 connector to the POWER CON- TROL INput connector using a stereo mini phone cable. Refer to figure 9:

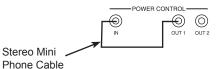


Figure 9

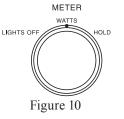
Note: The POWER CONTROL "OFF" and "ON" positions should be used when there is a cable connected between the Power Control IN and Power Control OUT 1 on the Power Amplifier.

#### **Meter Selection**

Rotate the meter mode switch to select the meter op-

eration mode you desire. Refer to figures 10 and 11. Lights Off - Meter lights are turned off and the meter will continue to indicate the

power output.



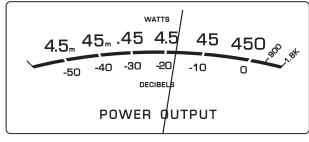


Figure 11

Note: When Power Control Input of the MC452 is connected to a Audio Preamplifier or A/V Control Center with Remote Meter Illumination Control, the Meter Illumination will automatically be remotely controlled (On/Off) with the METER Switch set to the WATTS or HOLD position.

- Watts- The meters respond to all the musical information being produced by the amplifier. They indicate to an accuracy of at least 95% of the power output with only a single cycle of a 2000Hz tone burst.
- Hold The meter pointer is locked to the highest power peak in a sequence of peaks. It is electronically held to this power level until a higher power peak passes through the amplifier. The meter pointer will then rise to the newer higher indication. If no further power peaks are reached, the meter pointer will very slowly return to its rest position or lower power level. The decay rate is approximately 6dB per minute.
  - Note: The MC452 Power Output Meter indicates the actual power delivered to the loudspeakers by responding to the combination of current and voltage output.

#### **Input Mode Switch**

The Input Mode Switch, which is located on the Rear Panel of the MC452, allows selection of either the Balanced or Unbalanced Input.

Refer to figure 11.





Figure 12

## **Technical Description**

McIntosh Laboratory, the company who introduced the world's first amplifier that could be called "High Fidelity", has done it again. The McIntosh engineering staff has created a power amplifier without compromise, using the most advanced McIntosh circuit design concepts.

h put rating of 450 watts per channel and with a peak output current of 75 amperes; making this one of the most advanced amplifiers available today. The distortion limits for the MC452 are no more than 0.005% at rated power output for all frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz. Typical performance at mid frequencies is

The MC452 has a continuous average power out-



or all frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz. Typical performance at mid frequencies is less than 0.002%. The true distortion readings on the MC452 are so low, it takes special measuring techniques to make accurate readings. The MC452 can deliver the best possible performance from any type of high quality loudspeaker system. Refer to figure 12.

Creating an amplifier with this level of performance did not come easily. Many months of design, testing and measuring were required. Extensive controlled listening tests, the ultimate form of measuring, were made before the final design was accepted.

#### **Design Philosophy**

The design philosophy incorporated in the MC452 involved several different techniques, all based on sound scientific logic. Every stage of voltage or current amplification must be as linear as possible prior to the use of negative feedback. McIntosh engineers know how to properly design negative feedback circuits so they contribute to the extremely low distortion performance expected from a McIntosh amplifier. The typical McIntosh owner would never accept the approximately 100 times higher distortion of many non-feedback designs.

Double Balanced Push-Pull design is used from input to output. Each half of the amplifier contains complimentary balanced circuitry. The resulting Quad Balanced configuration cancels even order distortion. Refer to figure 15.

All transistors are selected to have nearly constant current gain over the entire current range they must cover. Output transistors in particular, have matched uniform current gain, high current bandwidth product and large active region safe operating area. These Power Transistors are the very latest in semiconductor technology and incorporate a new design known

as ThermalTrak<sup>TM</sup>. Refer to figure 13. This allows for the instantaneous and accurate monitoring of the Power Transistor Temperature. The MC452 Power Output Circuitry has a specially designed bias circuit to take full advantage of the ThermalTrak<sup>TM</sup> Power Transistors and thus precisely controls the power amplifier operation over a wide range of music conditions with the benefits of lower

distortion and cooler operation. Precision metal film resistors and low dielectric absorption film capacitors are used in all critical circuit locations.

The output signals of the two balanced circuits are coupled together in the unique McIntosh MC452 Output Autoformer. It provides low distortion power

Figure 13

transfer at frequencies from below 20Hz to well beyond 20,000Hz with optimum impedance points of two ohms, four ohms and eight ohms. The unequaled

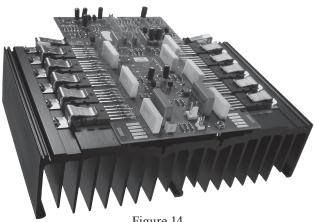


Figure 14

expertise of McIntosh in the design and manufacturing of autoformers is legendary in the high fidelity industry.

The high efficiency circuit design of the MC452 contributes to low operating temperatures. More than 2800 square inches of heat sink area keep the MC452 operating safely with convection cooling. No fans are needed. Refer to figure 14.

#### **Autoformers**

All solid state power amplifier output circuits work best into what is called an optimum load. This optimum load may vary considerably from what a loudspeaker requires. In the case of more than one loudspeaker connected in parallel, the load to the power amplifier may drop to two ohms or even less. A power amplifier connected to a load that is lower than

optimum, causes more output current to flow, which results in extra heat being generated in the power output stage. This increase in temperature will result in a reduced life expectancy for the amplifier.

The special **Balanced Winding** Autoformer creates an ideal match between the power amplifier output

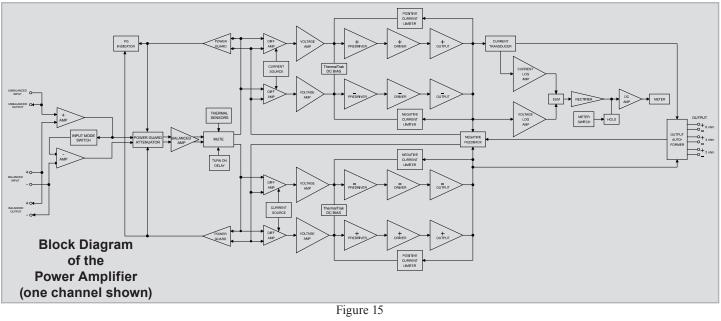
> stage and the loudspeaker. Refer to figure 16.



Figure 16

There is absolutely no performance limitation with an Autoformer. Its frequency response exceeds that of the output circuit itself, and extends well beyond the audible range. Its distortion level is so low it is virtually impossible to measure

In the rare event of a power amplifier output circuit failure, the McIntosh Autoformer provides absolute protection from possible damage to your valuable loudspeakers. The unequaled expertise of McIntosh in the design and manufacturing of Autoformers is legendary in the high fidelity industry. McIntosh engineers know how to do it right.



## Technical Description, con't

#### **Power Output Meter**

The McIntosh MC452 has large Output Watt Meter that responds 95% full scale to a single cycle tone burst at 2kHz. Refer to figure 17. Voltage and cur-

rent outputs are electronically measured, multiplied and fed to a special circuit that accelerates the pointer movement in the upward direction. Refer to figure 25 on the next page. When the pointer reaches its peak it pauses



Figure 17

only long enough for the human eye to perceive its position, then drops. It is almost 10 times faster than a professional VU meter.

A front panel switch is provided to change the meter to the Watts Hold Mode of operation. This allows fast upward movement of the pointer but greatly increases Hold Time at the peak of its travel. The highest power output of the source material is thus recorded.

#### **Protection Circuits**

The MC452 incorporates the McIntosh Sentry Monitor Output Transistor Protection Circuit. Refer to Figure 18. There is absolutely no compromise in sonic performance with this circuit, and it ensures safe operation of the amplifier under even the most extreme operating conditions. The different types of protection circuits incorporated in the MC452 insure a long and safe operating life. This is just one of the many characteristics of McIntosh Power Amplifiers that make them world famous. The MC452

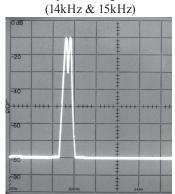
also includes the



Figure 18

unique patented McIntosh Power Guard circuit. Power Guard eliminates the possibility of ever overdriving

the amplifier into clipping. Refer to figures 19, 20 and 21. An overdriven amplifier can produce both audible and inaudible distortion levels exceeding 40%. The audible distortion is unpleasant to hear, but the inaudible ultrasonic distortion is also undesirable, since it can damage valuable loudspeaker system tweeters. You will



Input Test Signal

Figure 19

never experience the harsh and damaging distortion due to clipping.

The Power Guard circuit is a waveform comparator, monitoring both the input and output waveforms. Under normal operating conditions, there are no differences between the shape of these waveforms. If an amplifier channel is overdriven, there will be a difference between the two signal waveforms. When the difference exceeds 0.3%, the Power Guard activates the PG light and a dynamic electronic attenuator at the amplifier input reduces the input volume just enough to prevent any further increase in distortion. The Power Guard circuit acts so fast that there are absolutely no audible side effects and the sonic purity of the music reproduction is perfectly preserved. The MC452 Power Amplifier with Power Guard is not limited to just the rated power output, but will actually produce distortion free output well above its rated power due

Without Power Guard

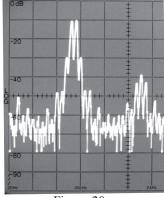


Figure 20

With Power Guard

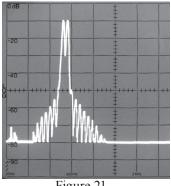


Figure 21

to the McIntosh philosophy of conservative design.

#### **Power Supply Circuits**

To compliment the design of the MC452 Power Amplifier Circuitry, there is a high current high voltage power supply for both channels. Refer to figures 22 and 25. The very large Power Transfomer can supply



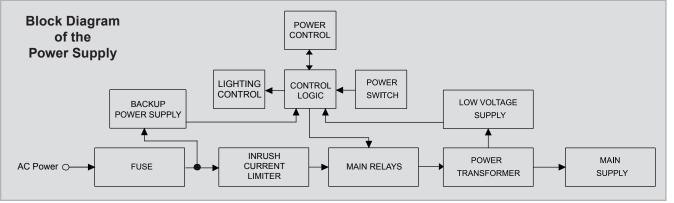


Figure 22

over 20 amps of current. Refer to figure 23 (golf ball is for size comparsion).



Figure 23

It is enclosed in the legendary McIntosh Potted Enclosures and weighs 30lbs. The four super size main filter capacitors can store over 200 Joules of energy for both amplifier channels, necessary for the wide dynamic range that "Digital Audio" demands. Refer to figure 24.



Figure 24

The power amplifier draws high current from the AC power line. Therefore, it is important that they plug directly into the wall outlet.

Also, most owners desire one power switch for the whole audio system. The MC452 is equipped with a circuit that provides remote Power Control from a McIntosh A/V Control Center. Refer to figure 25. When the A/V Control Center is switched On, a (+5V)signal operates the power relay in the MC452. The



Figure 25

MC452 also has two remote Power Control Out Jacks. The Power Control signal from these jacks are delayed by a fraction of a second so that the turn on power surge of the next power amplifier occurs at a later time. This helps prevent power circuit overload that could trip circuit breakers or blow fuses, a very important feature in a high power Home Systems employing multiple MC452 Power Amplifiers.

## **Specifications**

#### **Power Output**

Minimum sine wave continuous average power output per channel, with both channels operating is: 450 watts into 2 ohm load 450 watts into 4 ohm load 450 watts into 8 ohm load

**Output Load Impedance** 2, 4 or 8 ohms

Rated Power Band20Hz to 20,000Hz

**Total Harmonic Distortion** 0.005% maximum harmonic distortion at any power level from 250 milliwatts to rated power, 20Hz to 20,000Hz

**Dynamic Headroom** 1.8dB

**Frequency Response** +0, -0.25dB from 20Hz to 20,000Hz +0, -3.0dB from 10Hz to 100,000Hz

**Input Sensitivity (for rated output)** 4.2 Volts Balanced 2.1 Volts Unbalanced

Signal To Noise Ratio (A-Weighted) 95dB Balanced (122dB below rated output) 93dB Unbalanced (120dB below rated output)

#### **Intermodulation Distortion**

0.005% maximum, if the instantaneous peak power output does not exceed twice the rated power output for any combination of frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz.

**Wide Band Damping Factor** Greater than 40

**Input Impedance** 22,000 ohms Balanced 22,000 ohms Unbalanced

Voltage Gain 29dB, 8 Ohms 26dB, 4 Ohms 23dB, 2 Ohms

**Power Guard** Less than 2% Total Harmonic Distortion with up to a 14dB overdrive signal

**Power Control Input** 5-15VDC, less than 1mA

**Power Control Output 1 and 2** 12VDC, 50mA maximum total Output is delayed 0.2 seconds from turn On Power Requirements Field AC Voltage conversion of the MC452 is not possible. The MC452 is factory configured for one of the following AC Voltages: 100V ~ 50/60Hz at 12 Amps 110V ~ 50/60Hz at 11 Amps 120V ~ 50/60Hz at 10 Amps 220V ~ 50/60Hz at 6 Amps 230V ~ 50/60Hz at 6 Amps 240V ~ 50/60Hz at 6 Amps Standby: less than 0.5 watt Note: Refer to the rear panel of the MC452 for the correct voltage.

**Overall Dimensions** Width is 17-1/2 inches (44.45cm) Height is 9-7/16 inches (23.97cm) including feet Depth is 22 inches (55.88cm) including the Front Panel, Handles and Cables

Weight 110 pounds (49.9 kg) net, 143 pounds (64.9 kg) in shipping carton

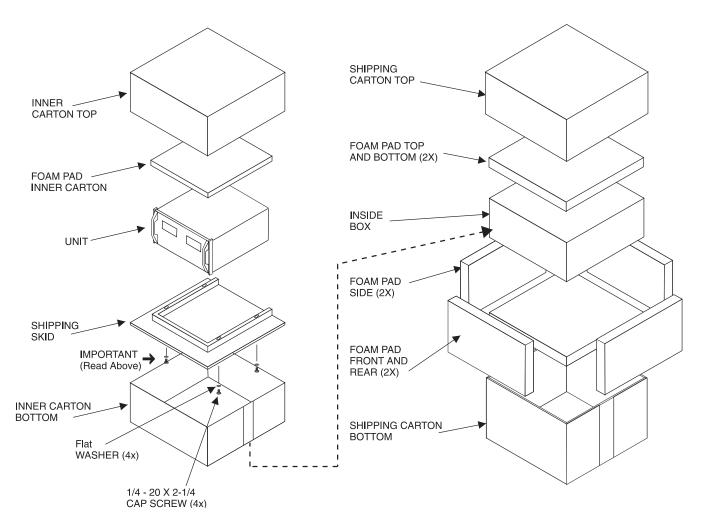
**Shipping Carton Dimensions** Width is 29-1/2 inches (74.93cm) Depth is 29 inches (73.66cm) Height is 17 inches (43.18cm)

## **Packing Instructions**

In the event it is necessary to repack the equipment for shipment, the equipment must be packed exactly as shown below. It is very important that the four plastic feet are attached to the bottom of the equipment. Four 1/4 - 20x2-1/4 inch screws and washers must be used to fasten the unit securely to the bottom pad and wood skid. This will ensure the proper equipment location on the bottom pad. Failure to do this will result in shipping damage.

Use the original shipping carton and interior parts only if they are all in good serviceable condition. If a shipping carton or any of the interior part(s) are needed, please call or write Customer Service Department of McIntosh Laboratory. Refer to page 3. Please see the Part List for the correct part numbers.

<u>Quantity</u>	Part Number	Description
1	034052	Shipping carton top
1	034051	Shipping carton bottom
2	034054	Foam Pad (top and
		bottom)
2	034186	Foam Pad (front and rear)
2	034187	Foam Pad (sides)
1	034136	Inner carton top
1	034137	Inner carton bottom
1	034188	Foam Pad (inner carton)
1	034479	Shipping skid
4	401212	$1/4 - 20x^2 - 1/4$ cap screw
4	104058	Flat washer





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